

QUASIMEME

Quality assurance of information for marine environmental monitoring

Certificate of Analysis



Volatile Organics in seawater

REFERENCE MATERIAL

AQ6 sample 78





Certificate of Analysis AQ6 78

General Information

In this report an overview is given of analytical data for this sample collected in our proficiency testing program. The consensus values are calculated using a robust statistical model. With this NDA model, the mean and standard deviation are calculated using all reported data when at least 4 results are left after removal of reported 'lower than' (<) and 0 (= zero) values. No outliers are removed.

This report is divided into two sections: Consensus Values and Indicative Values. The division is made on the reliability of the data. Consensus Values are based on at least 8 results and a maximum relative uncertainty of 6.25%. Indicative Values are based on a maximum relative uncertainty of 35% and a minimum of 4 and maximum of 7 results, or a relative uncertainty greater than 6.25% when there are at least 8 results.

For each determinand, the following parameters are given: mean, standard deviation, coefficient of variation, number of results, median, MAD (Median of Absolute Deviation), the uncertainty of the mean (consensus or indicative) value and the relative uncertainty.

Please note: Most WEPAL-QUASIMEME reference materials are found to be stable over the long term (>10 years) for most determinand/matrix combinations. There are a few exceptions known to us as being less stable over the long term. These are organotins in sediment (MS6), ASP in shellfish (BT7), some PAHs and PCBs in sediment (SETOC) and N-NH₄ (as N) in clay soils (ISE).

Sample information

QUASIMEME reference materials cover a range of natural SeaWater species from contaminated waters from the North Sea and/or Mediterranean.

This AQ6 sample 78 of Seawater spiked with volatiles from North Sea, the Netherlands is prepared for the QUASIMEME proficiency programs. The results on which the values in this report are based were taken from the periods given in the following table.

Year.Round	Program	Sample
		Round Id
2025.1	AQ6	QVC077SW



Indicative Values AQ6



Method: VOCs - AQ6

Method. VOCS - AQ0									
Element	Unit	Mean	Std.Dev.	CV %	N	Median	MAD	Uncertainty	Rel.Uncert. %
Carbon-tetrachloride	μg/L	5.55	1.65	29.7	9	5.85	0.645	0.686	12.4
1-1-1-trichloroethane	μg/L	1.94	0.362	18.7	10	1.96	0.234	0.143	7.38
1-2-dichloroethane	μg/L	7.84	1.34	17.1	10	7.48	0.706	0.532	6.78
Tetrachloroethene	μg/L	1.44	0.289	20.1	10	1.42	0.120	0.114	7.93
Trichlorethene	μg/L	2.85	0.506	17.7	10	2.77	0.262	0.200	7.01
Chloroform	μg/L	3.20	0.625	19.5	10	3.25	0.401	0.247	7.72
1-1-2-trichloroethane	μg/L	2.06	0.317	15.4	9	2.11	0.170	0.132	6.42
Dichloromethane	μg/L	2.54	1.32	52.0	6	2.94	0.827	0.675	26.6
Benzene	μg/L	4.70	1.09	23.2	10	4.75	0.493	0.431	9.18
Styrene	μg/L	2.00	0.508	25.4	7	2.00	0.288	0.240	12.0
2-chlorotoluene	μg/L	1.99	0.312	15.7	6	1.93	0.129	0.159	8.01
4-chlorotoluene	μg/L	0.963	0.197	20.5	5	1.01	0.098	0.110	11.5
1,1-dichloroethane	μg/L	3.04	0.732	24.1	7	3.08	0.691	0.346	11.4
1,2-dichloropropane	μg/L	5.22	0.898	17.2	7	5.15	0.649	0.424	8.13
1,2-dichlorobenzene	μg/L	1.02	0.259	25.4	6	1.05	0.177	0.132	13.0
1,3-dichlorobenzene	μg/L	1.20	0.112	9.4	6	1.23	0.080	0.057	4.78
1,4-dichlorobenzene	μg/L	1.80	0.680	37.9	6	1.77	0.284	0.347	19.3
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	μg/L	2.44	0.979	40.1	5	2.55	0.466	0.547	22.4
1,1,1,2-tetrachlorethane	μg/L	1.01	0.229	22.6	6	1.08	0.169	0.117	11.5
Chlorobenzene	μg/L	2.85	0.602	21.1	6	2.77	0.387	0.307	10.8
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	μg/L	2.72	0.529	19.5	8	2.57	0.325	0.234	8.60
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	μg/L	1.19	0.292	24.6	8	1.22	0.201	0.129	10.9
Toluene	μg/L	1.86	0.400	21.5	8	1.88	0.237	0.177	9.48
Ethylbenzene	μg/L	0.591	0.177	30.0	7	0.578	0.123	0.084	14.2
o-Xylene	μg/L	3.15	0.755	23.9	8	3.09	0.486	0.334	10.6
m+p-Xylene	μg/L	3.44	1.23	35.9	8	3.59	0.693	0.545	15.9
Isopropylbenzene	μg/L	1.34	0.195	14.6	7	1.30	0.100	0.092	6.89
n-Propylbenzene	μg/L	1.33	0.064	4.8	4	1.33	0.029	0.040	3.01