

| BT-4 Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Biota | | | | | |
|---|-------------|--|----------|----------------------------|----------|
| YEAR | 2021 | Number of Rounds / Year | 2 | Number of Materials | 2 |
| Distribution | | April, October (35 laboratories expected) | | | |
| Participation fee | | €750,= | | | |

Introduction

This study covers the determination of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH's) and total and extractable lipid in shellfish tissue test materials.

Test Materials

The test materials consist of natural shellfish species from contaminated waters from the North Sea and/or Mediterranean. The supplied wet shellfish tissues are homogenised and sterilised by autoclaving. These test materials have shown to be stable over a number of years when stored at room temperature.

Determinands and Concentration Ranges

The PAH's to be determined are given in the table below.

The table also shows:

- The expected concentration range for the determinands in the test materials.
- The constant and proportional error that will be used for assessment of the results.

| Determinand | Unit | Concentration range | Error | | AA-EQS |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| | | Shellfish Tissue | Const | Prop | |
| Acenaphthene | µg/kg | 0.5 - 100 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Acenaphthylene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 5 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Anthracene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 10 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 20 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Benzo[a]fluorene | µg/kg | | 0.5 | 12.5% | |
| Benzo[a]pyrene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 5 | 0.2 | 12.5% | 5 |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 10 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 10 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Benzo[e]pyrene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 10 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 10 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Chrysene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 20 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Chrysene+Triphenylene | µg/kg | 0.2- -20 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Triphenylene | µg/kg | 0.1 - 10 | 0.5 | 12.5% | |
| Dibenz[a,h]anthracene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 5 | 0.1 | 12.5% | |
| Dibenzo[a,i]pyrene | µg/kg | | 0.5 | 12.5% | |
| Dibenzothiophene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 5 | 0.5 | 12.5% | |
| Fluoranthene | µg/kg | 5 - 50 | 0.2 | 12.5% | 30 |
| Fluorene | µg/kg | 1 - 50 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 5 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Naphthalene | µg/kg | 1 - 100 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| 1-methylnaphthalene | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| 2-methylnaphthalene | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| 1-methylanthracene | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| 2- methylanthracene | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| 1 methylphenanthrene | µg/kg | | 0.1 | 12.5% | |
| Perylene | µg/kg | 0.1 - 5 | 0.5 | 12.5% | |
| Phenanthrene | µg/kg | 2 - 50 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| 2-Methylphenanthrene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 20 | 2 | 12.5% | |
| 3,6-Dimethylphenanthrene | µg/kg | 0.2 - 10 | 0.5 | 12.5% | |
| 1,2-benzodiphenylene sulfide | µg/kg | | 0.1 | 12.5% | |
| Pyrene | µg/kg | 1 - 50 | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| 1-Methylpyrene | µg/kg | | 2 | 12.5% | |
| Benzo Fluoranthenes (a+b+j+k) | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Total-Lipid | % | | 0.1 | 12.5% | |
| Extractable-Lipid | % | | 0.1 | 12.5% | |
| C1-dibenzothiophene | µg/kg | | 0.1 | 12.5% | |
| C2-dibenzothiophene | µg/kg | | 0.1 | 12.5% | |

| | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------|--|-----|-------|--|
| C3-dibenzothiophene | µg/kg | | 0.1 | 12.5% | |
| C1-phenanthrenes/anthracenes | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| C2-phenanthrenes/anthracenes | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| C3-phenanthrenes/anthracenes | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| C1-pyrenes/fluoranthenes | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| C2-pyrenes/fluoranthenes | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| C1-chrysenes | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| C2-chrysenes | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| C1-benzofluoranthenes | µg/kg | | 0.2 | 12.5% | |
| Total petroelum hydrocarbons | µg/kg | | 0.1 | 12.5% | |

Only determinands in **bold** are in the scope of the accreditation.